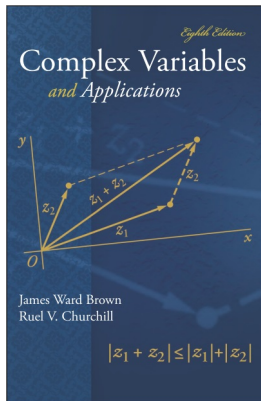


# Complex Variables

## Chapter 1. Complex Numbers

### Section 2.15. Limits—Proofs of Theorems



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1 Lemma 2.15.A

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**Proof.** Let  $\varepsilon > 0$ . Then there are  $\delta_1 > 0$  and  $\delta_2 > 0$  such that  $0 < |z - z_0| < \delta_1$  implies  $|f(z) - w_0| < \varepsilon/2$ , and  $0 < |z - z_0| < \delta_2$  implies  $|f(z) - w_1| < \varepsilon/2$ . Let  $\delta = \min\{\delta_1, \delta_2\}$ . Then  $\delta > 0$  and if  $0 < |z - z_0| < \delta$  then

$$\begin{aligned} |w_1 - w_0| &= |(f(z) - w_0) - (f(z) - w_1)| \\ &\leq |f(z) - w_0| + |f(z) - w_1| \text{ by the Triangle Inequality} \\ &< \varepsilon/2 + \varepsilon/2 = \varepsilon \end{aligned}$$

Since  $\varepsilon > 0$  can be arbitrarily small, then it must be that  $w_0 = w_1$ , as claimed. □

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