Complex Variables

Chapter 2. Analytic Functions

Section 2.17. Limits Involving the Point at Infinity-Proofs of Theorems



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Theorem 2.17.1

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$$\lim_{z \to z_0} f(z) = \infty \quad \text{if and only if} \quad \lim_{z \to z_0} 1/f(z) = 0$$
$$\lim_{z \to \infty} f(z) = w_0 \quad \text{if and only if} \quad \lim_{z \to 0} f(1/z) = w_0, \text{ and}$$
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Proof (continued). Second, suppose $\lim_{z\to\infty} f(z) = w_0$. Then (by definition) there exists $\delta > 0$ such that $1/|z| < \delta$ implies $|f(z) - w_0| < \varepsilon$. So (replacing *z* with 1/z) $0 < |z| = |z - 0| < \delta$ implies $|f(1/z) - w_0| = |h(z) - w_0| < \varepsilon$. Therefore (by definition) $\lim_{z\to 0} h(z) = \lim_{z\to 0} f(1/z) = w_0$.

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Third, suppose $\lim_{z\to\infty} f(z) = \infty$. Then (by definition) there exists $\delta > 0$ such that $1/|z| < \delta$ implies $1/|f(z)| < \varepsilon$. So (replacing z with 1/z) $0 < |z| < \delta$ implies $|1/f(1/z)| < \varepsilon$. So $0 < |z - 0| < \delta$ implies $|k(z) - 0| < \varepsilon$.

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