

SECTION 1.4

NUMBER 15 (modified)

2.4.15 Find all solutions using the Gauss-Jordan method:

$$y + z = 6$$

$$3x - y + z = -7$$

$$x + y - 3z = -13.$$

Solution

Well, let's create the augmented matrix $[A|\vec{b}]$ and reduce it to reduced row echelon form:

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 0 & 1 & 1 & 6 \\ 3 & -1 & 1 & -7 \\ 1 & 1 & -3 & -13 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{R_1 \leftrightarrow R_3} \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} \boxed{1} & 1 & -3 & -13 \\ \textcircled{3} & -1 & 1 & -7 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 6 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\xrightarrow{R_2 \rightarrow R_2 - 3R_1} \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 1 & -3 & -13 \\ 0 & -4 & 10 & 32 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 6 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{R_2 \rightarrow R_2} \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} \boxed{1} & \textcircled{1} & -3 & -13 \\ 0 & \boxed{2} & 1 & 6 \\ 0 & \textcircled{-4} & 10 & 32 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\xrightarrow{R_1 \rightarrow R_1 - R_2} \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & -4 & -19 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 6 \\ 0 & 0 & 14 & 56 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{R_3 \rightarrow R_3 / (14)} \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} \boxed{1} & 0 & \textcircled{-4} & -19 \\ 0 & \boxed{2} & \textcircled{1} & 6 \\ 0 & 0 & \boxed{1} & 4 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\xrightarrow{R_1 \rightarrow R_1 + 4R_3} \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 & -3 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 4 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{R_2 \rightarrow R_2 - R_3} \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 & -3 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 4 \end{array} \right].$$

So $x = -3$, $y = 2$, and $z = 4$. Let's check it:

$$y + z = (2) + (4) = 6 \checkmark$$

$$3x - y + z = 3(-3) - (2) + (4) = -7 \checkmark$$

$$x + y - 3z = (-3) + (2) - 3(4) = -13 \checkmark. \quad \square$$