

SECTION 3.4

NUMBER 5

3.4.5

Consider $T: F \rightarrow F$ defined as

$$T(f) = -f. \text{ Is } T \text{ linear?}$$

Solution

Well, by Definition 3.9, we need to check

$$\textcircled{1} T(f+g) = T(f) + T(g), \textcircled{2} T(rf) = rT(f)$$

for all $f, g \in F$ and for all $r \in \mathbb{R}$.First, let $f, g \in F$. Then

$$T(f+g) = -(f+g) = -f-g = (-f) + (-g) = T(f) + T(g).$$

Second, let $r \in \mathbb{R}$. Then

$$T(rf) = -(rf) = r(-f) = rT(f).$$

So YES, T is linear. \square