## Mathematical Statistics 1

### **Chapter 3. Some Special Distributions**

3.1. The Binomial and Related Distributions—Proofs of Theorems



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**Proof.** As shown in Note 3.1.A, the moment generating function of  $X_i$  is  $M_{X_i}(t) = (1 - p + pe^t)^{n_i}$ . Since the  $X_i$  are independent, the hypotheses of Theorem 2.6.1 are satisfied and it implies

$$M_Y(t) = \prod_{i=1}^m (1 - p + pe^t)^{n_i} = (1 - p + pe^t)^{\sum_{i=1}^m n_i}$$

This is the moment generating function of the binomial  $b\left(\sum_{i=1}^{m} n_i, p\right)$  distribution, as claimed.

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