## Introduction to Algebra, MATH 5127 Homework 12, Sections IV.22 and IV.23 Due Friday May 3, 2013 at 2:30

- **22.15.** Find all zeros of f(x)g(x) in  $\mathbb{Z}_7$  where  $f(x) = x^3 + 2x^2 + 5$  and  $g(x) = 3x^2 + 2x$ . Factor polynomial f(x)g(x) as much as possible using the Factor Theorem (Corollary 23.3). Remember that all arithmetic is done in  $\mathbb{Z}_7$  and so all coefficients you compute must be in  $\{0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$ .
- **22.24.** Prove that if D is an integral domain, then D[x] is an integral domain. HINT: Show that D[x] is commutative, has unity, and contains no zero divisors.
- **22.27a.** Let F be a field of characteristic zero and let D be the formal polynomial differentiation map

 $D(a_0 + a_1x + a_2x^2 + \dots + a_nx^n) = a_1 + 2a_2 + \dots + na_nx^{n-1}.$ 

(1) Show that  $D: F[x] \to F[x]$  is a group homomorphism of  $\langle F[x], + \rangle$  into itself. (2) Is D a group automorphism of  $\langle F[x], + \rangle$  with itself? (3) Is D a ring homomorphism of  $\langle F[x], +, \cdot \rangle$  with itself?

- **23.2.** For  $f(x) = x^6 + 3x^5 + 4x^2 + 4x + 2$  and  $g(x) = 3x^2 + 2x + 4$  in  $\mathbb{Z}_7[x]$ , find q(x) and r(x) guaranteed by the Division Algorithm (Theorem 23.1). HINT: In  $\mathbb{Z}_7[x]$ , all coefficients are from  $\{0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$ .
- **23.9.** The polynomial  $f(x) = x^4 + 4$  can be factored into linear factors in  $\mathbb{Z}_5[x]$ . Find the factorization by finding the zeros of f(x).
- **23.A.** Let  $f(x) \in \mathbb{Z}_p[x]$  for prime p. Prove that if f(b) = 0 for  $b \in \mathbb{Z}_p$  and  $b \neq 0$ . Then  $f(b^p) = 0$ .