

Proposition 17.10 (continued)

Proof (continued). Then

$$\begin{aligned}\mu^*(E) &\leq \mu^*(A) \text{ by monotonicity of } \mu^* \\ &\leq \mu^*(A_{1/k}) \text{ by monotonicity of } \mu^* \\ &\leq \mu^*(E) + 1/k \text{ by above.}\end{aligned}$$

So $\mu^*(E) = \mu^*(A)$.

Now assume that E and each set in \mathcal{S} is μ^* measurable. Since the measurable sets form a σ -algebra, then set A defined above is measurable. The excision property holds for $\bar{\mu}$ since it is a measure (and we have finite additivity), so

$$\begin{aligned}\bar{\mu}(A \setminus E) &= \bar{\mu}(A) - \bar{\mu}(E) \\ &= \mu^*(A) - \mu^*(E) \text{ since } \mu^* \text{ is an extension of } \bar{\mu} \\ &= 0 \text{ because } \mu^*(A) = \mu^*(E) \text{ as shown above.}\end{aligned}$$

□