Differential Geometry (and Relativity) - Summer 2016 Homework 2, Sections 1.2 and 1.3

Due Wednesday, June 15 at 11:20

Write in complete sentences!!! *Explain* what you are doing and convince me that you understand what you are doing and why.

I.2.3. Find the Gauss curvature of the ellipsoid

$$\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} + \frac{z^2}{c^2} = 1$$

at the end points of its three axes, i.e., at the points $\pm(a, 0, 0)$, $\pm(0, b, 0)$, and $\pm(0, 0, c)$. You may use the results of Exercise I.1.7.

I.3.2(d) For the surface of revolution

 $\vec{X}(u,v) = (a\cosh u \cos v, a\cosh u \sin v, b\sinh u),$

sketch the profile curve (v = 0) in the *xz*-plane, and then sketch the surface. In each case, prove that \vec{X} is regular and give an equation of the surface in the form g(x, y, z) = 0. Assume *a* and *b* are positive constants.

I.3.7(a,b) Let $\vec{\alpha}(u) = (\cos u, \sin u, 0)$. Through each point of $\vec{\alpha}(u)$, pass a unit line segment with midpoint $\vec{\alpha}(u)$ and direction vector

$$\vec{\beta}(u) = \left(\sin\frac{u}{2}\right)\vec{\alpha}(u) + \left(\cos\frac{u}{2}\right)(0,0,1).$$

The resulting surface,

$$\vec{X}(u,v) = \vec{\alpha}(u) + v\vec{\beta}(u), \ -\frac{1}{2} \le v \le \frac{1}{2}$$

is called a *Möbius strip*. (a) Write out the coordinate functions of $\vec{X}(u, v)$. (b) Sketch the rulings for $u = 0, \pi/2, \pi$, and $3\pi/2$.

I.3.7(c) Connect the end points of these rulings by drawing the *u*-parameter curve $\vec{X}(u, 1/2)$ for $0 \le u \le 4\pi$. Note that the *u* parameter curves are closed and have period 4π , except for $\vec{\alpha}(u) = \vec{X}(u, 0)$, which has period 2π .