## 2.6. $\lambda$ -Fold Triple Systems in General

Note. In this section we use the results of Sections 1.3, 2.3, and 2.4 to give necessary and sufficient conditions for the existence of a  $\lambda$ -fold triple system. We use the triple systems for  $\lambda = 1$  (in Section 1.3),  $\lambda = 2$  (in Section 2.3),  $\lambda \in \{3, 6\}$  (in Section 2.4), and repeated copies of triples.

Note. We will show the following conditions are are necessary and sufficient for the existence of a  $\lambda$ -fold triple system.

	spectrum of
λ	$\lambda$ -fold triple systems
0 (mod 6)	all $v \neq 2$
1 or 5 (mod 6)	all $v \equiv 1 \text{ or } 3 \pmod{6}$
$2 \text{ or } 4 \pmod{6}$	all $v \equiv 0$ or 1 (mod 3)
$\boxed{3 \pmod{6}}$	all odd $v$

Table 2.6.A

**Note.** We specifically have the following. The proof is to be given in Exercise 2.6.7.

**Theorem 2.6.1.** A  $\lambda$ -fold triple system of order v exists if and only if v and  $\lambda$  satisfy the conditions given in Table 2.6.A.