## History of Geometry

## Chapter 5. Trigonometry

5.1. Ptolemy and the Chord Function-Proofs of Theorems

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## Geometry by Its History

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(1) Lemma 5.1. Ptolemy's Theorem

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Proof. First, let $E$ be the unique point
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## Lemma 5.1. Ptolemy's Theorem (continued)

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Proof. Since angles $\angle C B D$ and $\angle C A D$ both determine chord $C D$, then these angles are equal by Euclid's Proposition (the measures of these angles are labeled $\beta$ in Figure 5.4). Therefore triangles $\triangle E D A$ and $\triangle C D B$ are similar (AAA) and so $b / \delta_{1}=u / d$ and $a / \delta_{1}=v / c$. This implies
 $b d+a c=\delta_{1} u+\delta_{1} v=\delta_{1}(u+v)=\delta_{2} \delta_{2}$, Fig. 5.4. Proof of Ptolemy's lemma as claimed.

